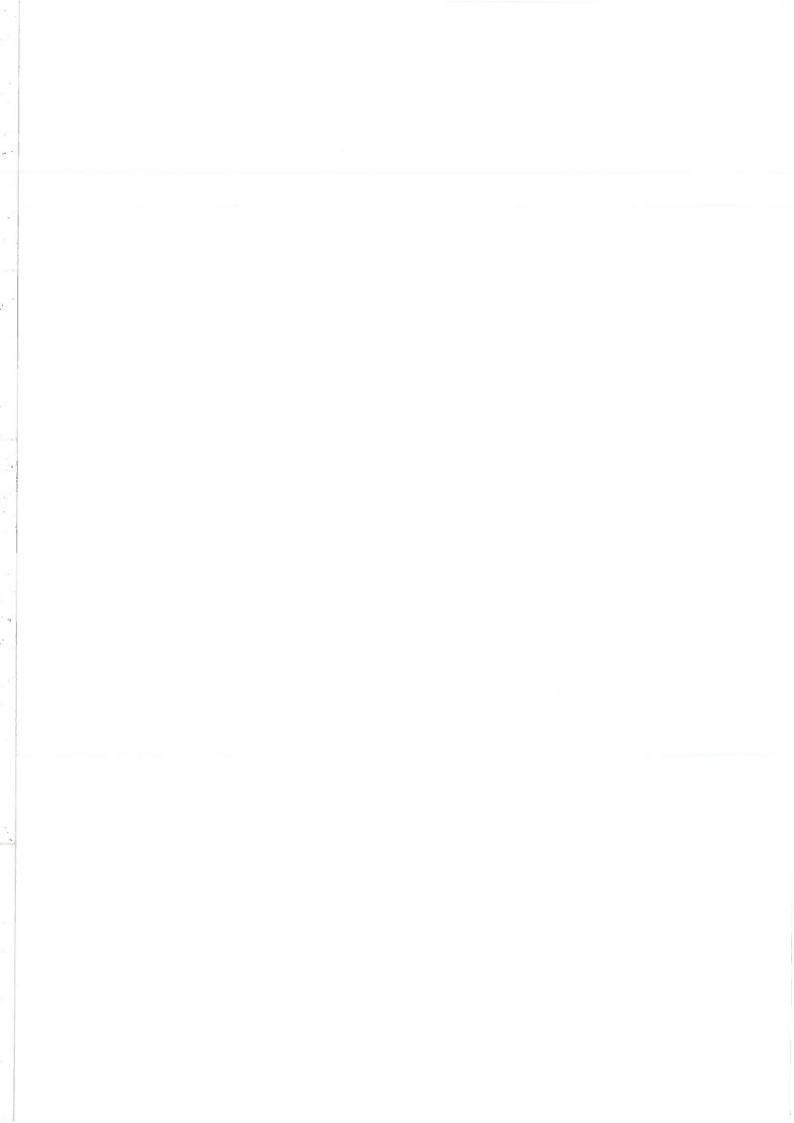


# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

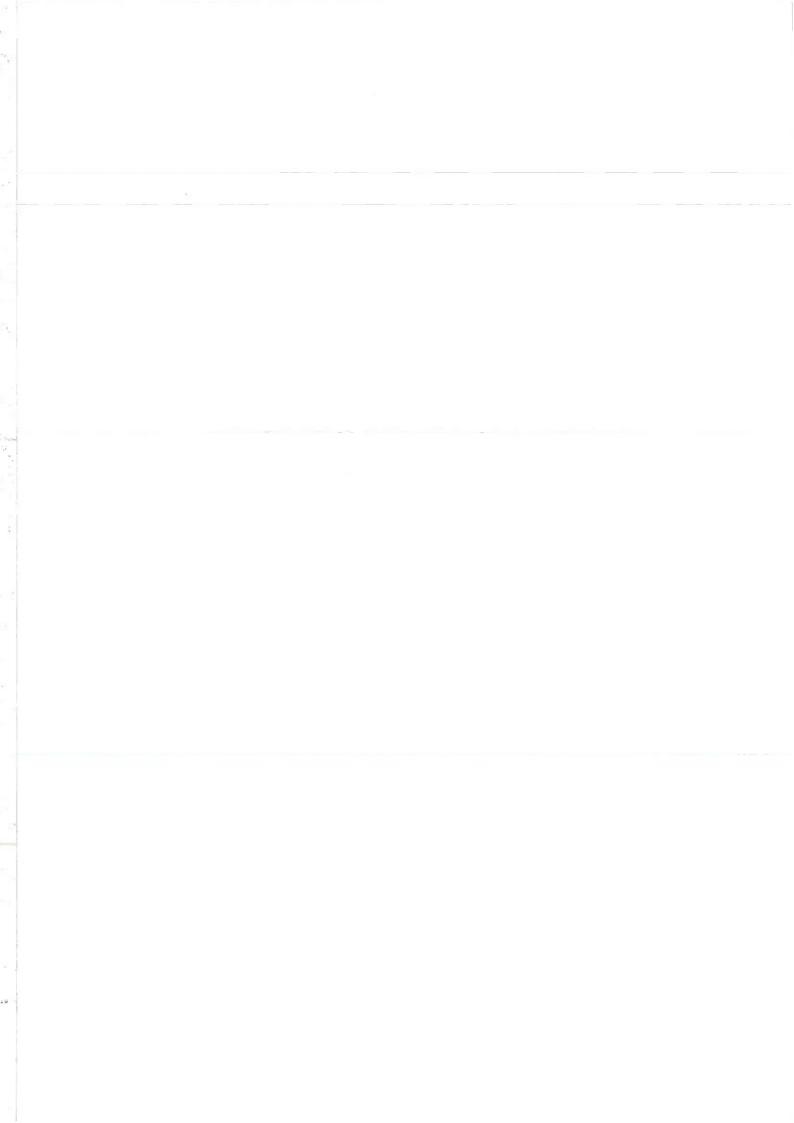




# SELEX PENSION SCHEME REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 5 April 2016



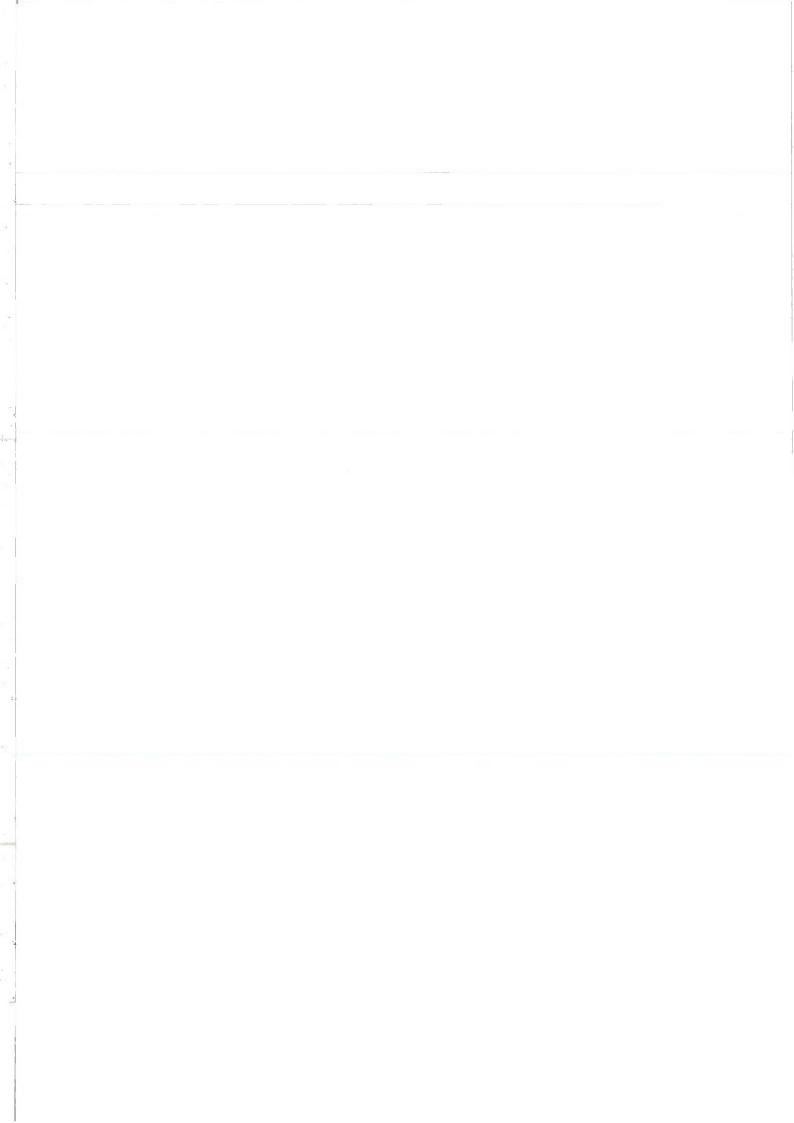


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#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### **Chairman's Review**

I am pleased to present the Report and Financial Statements for the Selex Pension Scheme (the "Scheme") for the year ended 5 April 2016.

The dominant projects for the Trustee during the year have been the conclusion of the 5 April 2014 actuarial valuation, and the implementation of the career salary benefit structure from 6 April 2016. The valuation showed the Scheme had a past service surplus of £79.2million and the Scheme funding ratio was 118%. The cost of future accrual had, however, increased significantly leaving a shortfall between the contributions being paid and the pension benefits accruing. The Company consulted with members regarding benefit changes to be made to the Scheme to help address this increasing cost of future accrual, reduce risk and address some Scheme design issues. The consultation concluded in June 2015 and the Scheme Rules were amended in March 2016 to implement a new career salary benefit basis with effect from 6 April 2016.

As part of the benefit changes, a significant communication exercise was undertaken with members regarding the voluntary savings options available through the Scheme. A new Buy Up option was launched with effect from April 2016, enabling members to pay an additional contribution rate in return for an increased defined benefit accrual rate. Changes were also made to the Scheme's Selected Benefits Scheme (SBS) savings option and an opportunity to transfer SBS benefits into the Scheme's Additional Voluntary Contribution (AVC) arrangement was provided to members in February 2016.

It has been a challenging year for the Scheme's return seeking investment portfolio which has not achieved its return objective over the year. The Scheme's liability hedging portfolio has performed as intended by matching the movements in the Scheme's liabilities. The Scheme's total investment strategy (including return seeking assets and the liability hedge) has produced a positive return of 4.20% over the year, although this was behind the overall objective.

The Aon Hewitt interactive pension facility, Pensionline, continued to be well used by members over the year. The pension modeller has been of particular benefit to members as a retirement planning tool, and the modeller will be relaunched to provide career salary benefit illustrations towards the end of 2016.

Further work was carried out by the Trustee and Company during 2015, together with the Scheme's advisers, to enable some additional retirement flexibilities to be offered to members, following the Government changes to allow more flexibility for individuals with defined contribution pension savings.

There has been a change to the Trustee Board during the year, with the retirement of Dave Evans as a Trustee Director and the appointment of Craig Porter, who is Finance Director for Leonardo MW Ltd. Dave served as a Trustee for 10 years and we thank him for his valuable contribution to the management of the Scheme. There has also been a change to the Chairman of the Trustee Board, with Geoff Munday standing down as Chairman after 11 years in the role. We thank Geoff for his longstanding support to the Scheme. Bernard Walsh was nominated Chairman of the Trustee Board with effect from 5 September 2016.

I would like to express my thanks to all the Trustee Directors and our advisers for their ongoing support and commitment to the Scheme and I look forward to working with them over the coming year.

Bernard Walsh Chairman, Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited

Date: 11TH OCTOBER 2016

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### **Trustee and Advisers**

Scheme	Selex Pension Scheme Registered Number: 10273555		
Trustee	Selex Pension Scheme (Tr	rustee) Limited	
Board of Directors	Geoff Munday (Chairman until 4 September 2016))	employer nominated	Appointed 29/04/05
	James Cull	member nominated	Appointed 12/04/05
	Dave Evans	employer nominated	Resigned 23/09/15
	Martin Flavell	employer nominated	Appointed 19/12/05
	Martin Johnson	member nominated	Appointed 29/04/05
	Craig Porter	employer nominated	Appointed 23/09/15
	Stuart Rushworth	member nominated	Appointed 19/12/05
	Bernard Walsh (Chairman from 5 September 2016)	employer nominated	Appointed 13/05/08
	Scott Wallace	member nominated	Appointed 01/01/14
Company Secretary	Geoff Phillips		Appointed 14/05/13
Scheme address	Sigma House, Christopher	Martin Road, Basildon,	Essex, SS14 3EL
Actuary	Danny Vassiliades of Punte	r Southall Limited	
Auditor	Ernst & Young LLP (resigne RSM UK Audit LLP (appoin		
Solicitors	Burges Salmon LLP		
Bankers	Bank of Scotland		
Investment adviser	P-Solve Asset Solutions		
Investment managers	P-Solve Investments Limite		
investment managers	P-Solve investments Limite	a	
	Old Mutual Wealth Life Ass		
AVC provider Administration services	Old Mutual Wealth Life Ass		
AVC provider Administration services	Old Mutual Wealth Life Ass	urance Limited	Huddersfield, HD8 1EG
AVC provider Administration services	Old Mutual Wealth Life Ass Aon Hewitt Limited	urance Limited n Hewitt, PO Box 196,	
AVC provider Administration services Administration address	Old Mutual Wealth Life Ass Aon Hewitt Limited Selex Pension Scheme, Ao	urance Limited n Hewitt, PO Box 196, Email selex.pensions@	
AVC provider Administration services Administration address Principal Employer	Old Mutual Wealth Life Ass Aon Hewitt Limited Selex Pension Scheme, Ao Telephone 0345 6035660 /	urance Limited n Hewitt, PO Box 196, Email selex.pensions@	

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### Introduction

Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited, the Trustee of the Selex Pension Scheme (the 'Scheme') presents its report for the year ended 5 April 2016, which together with the audited financial statements and the actuarial statement and certificate, comprise the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

This report gives information about the Scheme and how it is managed, its financial development and any significant developments during the year.

#### Background

The Scheme was established by a trust deed dated 24 March 2005 to provide pension and life assurance benefits to specified employees of the Principal Employer (Leonardo MW Ltd (formerly Selex ES Ltd)) and other participating employers (currently Finmeccanica UK Limited).

The Scheme has four different sections, each with a different historic benefit structure. The design of the Scheme was driven initially by a need to replicate a number of schemes run by BAE Systems plc (referred to in this report as the "BAE Legacy Schemes"). From 6 April 2016, the benefits provided by each section of the Scheme remain defined benefit in nature, however there has been some harmonisation between sections and a move from a final salary structure to a career salary structure. The 100+ Section of the Scheme provides both defined benefit and money purchase benefits to members.

The Scheme was closed to new entrants on 27 April 2009.

#### Management of the Scheme

The Trustee of the Scheme is Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited.

The names of the present Trustee Directors and the dates they were appointed are shown on page 2.

The Member Nominated Directors are selected by the Pensions Consultative Committee from the members on the committee. Elections took place in October 2013, with two Member Nominated Directors being appointed for a period of three years and two being appointed for a period of six years. This staggered appointment process is designed to maintain continuity within the Trustee board. The next election will take place in October 2016. Once the Trustee Directors have been selected, they are appointed as Directors of Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited.

For valid decisions to be taken, a minimum of two Trustee Directors must be present at Trustee meetings. Decisions require the support of a majority of the Trustee Directors present and the Chairman has a casting vote.

During the year, the Trustee Directors met frequently to deal with various matters relating to the management of the Scheme including monitoring funding and investing the Scheme assets.

The investment sub-committee and administration sub-committee also met regularly during the year in advance of each full Trustee meeting.

In total there were seven Trustee meetings and eight sub-committee meetings during the year, with Trustee Director attendance at 95% for the year (2015: 90%).

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

In addition, there is a Joint DC Investment Committee, which is a joint committee for the Selex Pension Scheme, Finmeccanica FuturePlanner and the AgustaWestland UK Pension Scheme. The purpose of the DC Committee is to review the AVC and 100+ Retirement Account Plan investment strategy of the Selex Pension Scheme (together with the investment strategy of Finmeccanica FuturePlanner and the defined contribution elements of the AgustaWestland UK Pension Scheme). The committee consists of five trustees of Finmeccanica FuturePlanner, two Trustee Directors of the AgustaWestland UK Pension Scheme and two Trustee Directors of the Selex Pension Scheme. The Scheme's representatives on this committee are Martin Flavell (chair) and Martin Johnson.

#### Scheme Advisers

A list of advisers can be found on page 2 of this report. There has been one change to advisers during the year. The Trustee appointed RSM UK Audit LLP as the Scheme Auditor on 16 March 2016. Ernst & Young had previously been the Scheme Auditor for 10 years since the inception of the Scheme, and a formal review and tender process was carried out in 2016, following which RSM were selected. In a statement to the Trustee, Ernst & Young LLP confirmed that they knew of no circumstances connected to their resignation which affected the interests of members, prospective members or beneficiaries of the Scheme.

#### Sponsoring Employers

The Principal Employer of the Scheme is Leonardo MW Ltd (formerly named Selex ES Ltd prior to a change of name on 9 September 2016). Its address is Sigma House, Christopher Martin Road, Basildon, Essex, SS14 3EL. Finmeccanica UK Limited is also currently participating in the Scheme. Other employers previously participating were SELEX Elsag Limited and SELEX Systems Integration Limited before they merged with SELEX Galileo Ltd to become Selex ES Ltd (now Leonardo MW Ltd) on 1 January 2013.

The Trustee Directors recognise that the ability of the participating employers to meet their ongoing contribution requirements is important to the funding of the Scheme and hence the security of members' benefits. As a way of increasing the security of the Scheme, the Trustee has entered into an agreement with the Leonardo group's parent company, Leonardo - Finmeccanica SpA, in which Leonardo (previously known as Finmeccanica, before a group rebranding exercise in 2016) confirms it will provide support for the Scheme. Leonardo has agreed that it will be responsible for the liabilities of the participating employers and has undertaken to pay any outstanding Scheme contributions and pay any Scheme deficit if the Scheme were to wind up with insufficient assets.

The Trustee regularly monitors the financial status of the participating employers and has engaged Ernst & Young LLP to carry out regular 6-monthly independent reviews of the financial strength of the employers, or more frequently if the Trustee considers this appropriate. As part of the 5 April 2014 actuarial valuation, an additional detailed review of the employer covenant was commissioned, with Ernst & Young reporting on a range of areas including cash resources, profitability and credit strength of the Principal Employer and its ultimate parent company. Overall, the employer covenant was rated as strong which assisted the Trustee in its discussions with the Company on the appropriate assumptions and contribution rates to set as part of the actuarial valuation is discussed in further detail on page 5 of this report.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### Financial Development

The format of the financial statements follows guidance given in the Statement Of Recommended Practice for pension schemes with multiple benefits as revised 2015. Defined Benefits ("DB") comprise all the sections of the Scheme except for the money purchase element of the 100+ Section which is separately analysed as the Retirement Account ("RA").

The value of the Scheme's assets at 5 April 2016 totalled £747 million (2015: £696 million). This represents an increase of £51 million (2015: £166 million) over the value at the start of the year.

Total contributions received for the year were £31.3 million (2015: £31.7 million). This consisted of £18.7 million (2015: £19.5 million) paid by the employers, £10.0 million (2015: £10.3 million) paid by the employers on behalf of members through smart, £2.6 million (2015: £1.9 million) paid by members (including additional voluntary contributions). All contributions were paid within statutory timeframes.

Outgoings from the Scheme were £12.1 million (2015: £6.6 million). Of this sum £10.5 million (2015: £5.1 million) was for benefits payments, £0.4 million (2015: £0.5 million) for life insurance premiums and £1.2 million (2015: £1.0 million) for administrative expenses.

The Scheme's comprehensive investment strategy was developed further and monitored throughout the current Scheme year. From 6 April 2015 to 5 April 2016, the net movement of the investments was an increase of £31.0 million (2015: £140.3 million). More information about the investments is contained in the Investment Report on pages 10 to 15.

Further information on the financial development of the Scheme is contained in the audited financial statements set out on pages 22 to 48 of the Annual Report and Financial Statements. The financial statements have been prepared and audited in accordance with sections 41(1) and (6) of the Pensions Act 1995.

#### Report on Actuarial Liabilities

Under Section 222 of the Pensions Act 2004, pension schemes are subject to the Statutory Funding Objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover its technical provisions. The technical provisions represent the present value of the benefits members are entitled to, based on pensionable service to the valuation date. This is assessed at least every 3 years using the assumptions agreed between the Trustee and the Employer and set out in the Statement of Funding Principles, a copy of which is available to Scheme members on request by contacting Aon Hewitt at the Administration address set out on page 2.

The most recent full actuarial valuation of the Scheme was carried out as at 5 April 2014. This showed that on that date:

- The value of the technical provisions was £440.7 million
- The value of the assets was £519.9 million

The Scheme therefore had an ongoing funding surplus of £79.2 million with a funding level of 118%.

Whilst the actuarial valuation identified a past service surplus, it also showed a significant increase in the future service contribution rate. The cost of future benefit accrual had increased by 5.9% of earnings per annum between the 2011 and 2014 valuations. To address this, along with some Scheme design issues, and to reduce risk, benefit changes have taken place with the Scheme moving to a career salary structure from 6 April 2016.

See the following page for further information on the method and significant actuarial assumptions used to determine the technical provisions for the 5 April 2014 actuarial valuation.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

In addition to the ongoing funding valuation, the actuary also carries out a discontinuance valuation, known as a solvency valuation, and a Pension Protection Fund valuation.

1. The solvency valuation basis differs from the ongoing funding basis in that it assumes that the Scheme had discontinued and all contributions ceased with effect from the valuation date. As at 5 April 2014, the surplus on a solvency valuation basis was £0.8 million and the Scheme's assets would have been sufficient to cover 100% of the total estimated winding up liabilities. It is a legal requirement that these solvency valuation numbers are produced and it does not mean that there is any intention to wind up the Scheme in the foreseeable future.

2. The Pension Protection Fund (PPF) valuation compares the assets of the Scheme to the value of the benefits that would be provided by the PPF. As at 5 April 2014, the surplus on a PPF valuation basis was £94 million and the Scheme's assets would have been sufficient to cover 123% of the PPF benefits.

The Trustee receives regular approximate funding updates from the Scheme actuary. These help the Trustee Directors understand the impact of changes in the funding position and to assess whether any action is needed. The next formal actuarial valuation of the Scheme is due as at 5 April 2017.

Further detail is provided on page 11 regarding how the change in the Scheme's liabilities interacts with the Scheme's swaps portfolio.

The method and significant actuarial assumptions used to determine the technical provisions for the 5 April 2014 actuarial valuation are as follows (all assumptions adopted are set out in the Statement of Funding Principles prepared on 18 June 2015):

#### Method

The actuarial method used in the calculation of the technical provisions was the Projected Unit Method.

#### Significant actuarial assumptions

**Pre retirement discount interest rate**: term dependent rates set by reference to the yield curve derived from interest rate swap contracts at the valuation date, with an addition of 1.8% per annum.

**Post retirement discount interest rate**: term dependent rates set by reference to the yield curve derived from interest rate swap contracts at the valuation date, with an addition of 0.3% per annum.

Future Retail Prices Index ("RPI") inflation: term dependent rates set by reference to the yield curve derived from RPI inflation swap contracts at the valuation date.

Future Consumer Prices Index ("CPI") inflation: set as future RPI inflation less a deduction equal to 1% per annum.

**Future salary increases**: general salary increases of 1.5% per annum above the term dependent rates for the future RPI inflation assumption.

**Future pension increases in payment**: pensions in payment accrued after 5 April 2006 increase in line with RPI inflation subject to a cap of 2.5% per annum. Pensions in payment accrued before this date increase in line with RPI inflation subject to a cap of 5% per annum.

**Future pension increases in deferment**: set as future CPI inflation, capped at 5% per annum for pension accrued before 6 April 2009 and 2.5% per annum for pension accrued after that date.

**Future mortality in retirement**: 97% for males and 96% for females of the mortality rates in the standard SAPS (S2PA) base tables, with an allowance for future improvements in line with the CMI 2013 projection model using a long term annual improvement rate of 1%.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### Significant changes to the Scheme

The following changes have been made to the Scheme Rules during the year.

New Scheme Rules were signed on 31 March 2016 to bring into effect the change to the Scheme benefit structure from a final salary basis to a career salary basis. This change followed a consultation between the Company and active members of the Scheme during 2015 regarding future benefit changes.

The continuing earnings link on benefits within the BAE Legacy Schemes came to an end on 5 April 2016. A Block 1 pension calculation is undertaken at 5 April 2016 to calculate members' benefits under the previous final salary structure. A 'transitional uplift' value is calculated as part of the Block 1 calculation which provides the majority of members with an increased Block 1 value by virtue of an assumed future salary uplift to their accrued final salary benefit. The Block 1 value then forms the first 'block' of career salary pension, with additional 'blocks' being earned for Pensionable Service on and after 6 April 2016.

As part of the changes, a number of benefit harmonisations have been made between the different sections of the Scheme. A new Buy Up option has also been launched enabling members to pay a higher contribution in return for a higher career salary accrual rate.

To ensure that members' accrued pensions at 5 April 2016 are protected, as required by law, a Deferred Pension Underpin has been incorporated into the benefit structure which provides for a minimum level of benefit.

#### Communication

"InFocus", a newsletter for Scheme members is issued by the Trustee twice a year. The Trustee also uses an e-mail alert function to communicate pensions information to members. In addition members can access information from the Scheme website, www.selexpensions.co.uk.

#### Trustee knowledge

There is a requirement on the Trustee Directors to have knowledge and understanding of the law relating to pensions and the principles relating to the funding of the Scheme and the investment of the Scheme's assets. The Trustee Directors are also required to be conversant with the Scheme's documents.

In order to fulfil these requirements:

- the Trustee Directors have adopted a trustee training policy;
- the Trustee Directors maintain a training log of all training attended;
- the Trustee Directors annually review their knowledge against the requirement checklist;
- Trustee meetings regularly contain updates on changes in the law or regulatory guidance;
- an annual training day is held; and
- the Trustee Directors also attend conferences on issues of particular relevance to the Scheme.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### Voluntary contributions

The Additional Voluntary Contribution (AVC) option provides members with an opportunity to make further provision for their retirement in addition to the benefits provided by the Scheme. The investment choices available to members with AVC funds are the same as those available to members with 100+ Retirement Accounts, as set out in the Investment Report.

In addition to AVCs, members are able to contribute under the new Buy Up option which provides for a higher career salary accrual rate, in return for an additional member contribution.

As an alternative to AVCs and Buy Up, members of the 2000 Section have the option to pay extra contributions towards retirement benefits through the Selected Benefits Scheme (SBS). However, this option closed to new contributors in 2009 and is only available to members who are currently making SBS contributions towards retirement benefits at a fixed contribution percentage rate.

#### Risk management

There is a requirement on the Trustee Directors to put in place adequate arrangements and procedures to administer the Scheme and to monitor those procedures to ensure the safe custody and security of the assets of the Scheme.

The Trustee Directors have put in place steps to monitor areas of potential risk to the Scheme. They regularly monitor, amongst other aspects of the Scheme, investments, the funding of the Scheme and the administration of the Scheme.

The administration sub-committee have taken steps to identify any areas of potential risk and have reviewed whether any action needs to be taken. The risk register is reviewed on a quarterly basis by the Trustee and updated as necessary.

Name: Trustee Director, Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited

Date: 11 October 16

#### **TRUSTEE'S REPORT** YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

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# SCHEME MEMBERSHIP

Total membership at 5 April 2015			4,754
Active members at 5 April 2015 Plus:		2,826	
Adjustment for late notification	1	1	
Less: Retirements Members becoming deferred members Transfers Death in service	(114) (80) (4) ( <u>6</u> )	(204)	
members)	-	2,623	
Pensioners at 5 April 2015 Plus:		894	
Adjustment for late notification New Retirees New pensions to widows/dependants	- 134 5		
• 107725	17 <u>-</u>	139	
Less: Deaths Trivial commutations	(4) (6)	(10)	
Pensioners at 5 April 2016	-	<u>(10</u> )	
	3	1,023	
Deferred members at 5 April 2015 Plus:		1,034	
Adjustment for late notification Early leavers with deferred pension	(1) <u>80</u>	79	
Less: Retirements Deaths	(20) (2)		
Transfers _	(7)	(29)	
Deferred members at 5 April 2016 (includes 354 DC members)	-	1,084	
Total membership at 5 April 2016 (includes 875 DC members)		=	4,730

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### Investment Report

#### **Defined Benefit**

#### Background

At the Scheme year end, 5 April 2016, the net investments of the Defined Benefit section of the Scheme were valued at £729 million, compared to £683 million at the start of the Scheme year.

The majority of the assets of the Scheme continue to be invested in the Total Investment Governance Solution (TIGS) provided by P Solve Investments Limited.

In addition, to reduce the impact to the Scheme of movements in long term interest rate and inflation expectations, the Trustee continues to hold swap contracts and gilts as a hedging portfolio. The hedging portfolio is updated periodically to reflect the ongoing benefit accrual.

#### Investment Principles

The Trustee has produced a Statement of Investment Principles, in accordance with the Pensions Act 1995, showing how it decided to invest the assets of the Scheme. The Statement of Investment Principles is regularly reviewed by the Trustee and was updated in September 2015. Copies of this document are available to members upon request.

The Scheme's primary objective, as set out by the statutory funding objective, is to maintain sufficient and appropriate assets to cover its Technical Provisions. In order to meet this objective, and taking into consideration the funding level from the actuarial valuation as at 5 April 2014, the investment strategy will need to achieve returns at least in line with the following:

- Assets backing the non-pensioner liabilities need to achieve at least the return on interest rate swaps +1.8% per annum; and
- Assets backing pensioner liabilities need to achieve at least the return on interest rate swaps +0.3% per annum.

The strategy has been implemented by:

- Implementing interest rate swaps and inflation swaps to decrease the variability of the Scheme's funding position due to movements in both long term interest rates and inflation; and
- Investing the assets to seek to achieve the investment objective.

Following the finalisation of the 5 April 2014 actuarial valuation, and to reflect the career salary benefit changes from April 2016, the Trustee reviewed the investment strategy with its advisers which resulted in changes being made to the Scheme's liability hedging strategy. The level of the liability hedge has been increased to help protect the proportion of the funding surplus which is being used to support the future service contribution rate. Further detail on how the hedging portfolio operates is set out below.

#### Investment Manager

The Trustee has delegated responsibility for the day to day management of the assets to the Scheme's Investment Manager, P-Solve Investments Limited ("P-Solve"). An Investment Management Agreement between the Trustee and P-Solve Investments Limited governs this relationship.

The Investment Manager has been appointed in two capacities:

- To implement the swaps strategy; and
- To actively manage assets through its Total Investment Governance Solution (TIGS) investment product that covers a wide range of asset classes and investment managers.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### **Market Commentary**

The year ended 5 April 2016 saw positive performance for the Scheme's total portfolio return (which includes the performance of the swaps). Performance of the Scheme's return-seeking portfolio was negative over the year as a result of challenging market conditions.

Markets have been subject to high levels of volatility over the 12 months to 31 March 2016. Although several major stock indices initially trended upwards, a combination of geopolitical and macroeconomic events contributed to most return-seeking assets finishing down for the year. Conversely, UK government bonds, typically used to value UK pension schemes liabilities, experienced strong performance. The FTSE Actuaries Over 15 Year Gilts Index, a basket of long-dated gilts, returned 4.0% over the 12 month period. In combination, these factors themselves have led to a worsening in the funding level position over the period.

In the UK, amidst January's risk-off sentiment, gilt and swap yields experienced sharp falls. This would have had a detrimental effect on most UK pension schemes' funding levels with most schemes seeing a marked increase in their liabilities. However, the Scheme has in place a liability hedging strategy which will have helped mitigate the impact of the fall in gilt and swap yields on the funding level.

Uncertainty over Britain's long term future in the European Union impacted foreign exchange markets over the period, with Sterling depreciating 9.4% against the Euro and 3.1% against the US Dollar.

#### Investment performance

#### Hedging Portfolio (gilts and swaps)

The liability hedge is designed to protect the Scheme from adverse movements in long term interest rates and inflation which directly impact the value of the Scheme's liabilities. The value of the gilts that are part of the hedging portfolio tends to move in line with the Scheme's liabilities when interest rates and inflation rates change. Similarly the swaps in the hedging portfolio are such that, if interest rates fall significantly (and so the liabilities rise in value), the swap counterparty pays the Scheme to cover the rise in the value of the liabilities. Conversely, if the value of the liabilities falls due to interest rate and inflation changes, the Scheme pays the counterparty under the swap contracts an amount that is in line with this fall in the liabilities.

Importantly, the purpose of the liability hedge is to offset (or hedge) the changes in the value of the liabilities whether there is a rise or fall.

The mark to market valuation of the swaps represented an unrealised gain/loss, as at 5 April, for the following years:

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Interest rate swaps	44,787	45,378	(4,248)	8,484	13,770	(12,541)
Swaptions	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a n/	/a	(718)
Inflation swaps	(9,412)	(5,038)	6,622	9,808	12,769	19,501
Proceed Asset Swap	(21,270)	(17,170)	(3,639)	(6502)	(1,730)	n/a
Total Gain/(Loss)	14,105	23,170	(1,265)	11,790	24,809	6,242

A positive mark-to-market value of the swaps represents a rise in the value of the swaps from the Scheme's perspective and vice versa. However, this rise will have been necessary to offset the rise in the value of the Scheme's liabilities and so the impact of the rate changes on the Scheme's finances will (as intended) have been broadly neutral.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

Hedge/Equity Derivative Overlay Strategy (EDOS) amendments over the 12 month period to 5 April 2016

11 June 2015 - RPI swap unwinds with RBS, Morgan Stanley and Barclays

25 June 2015 - EDOS 3 option expiry with Barclays

9 July 2015 - EDOS 5 traded with Citigroup Global Markets Ltd

10 July 2015 - New rate swaps traded with RBS

15 July 2015 - New RPI swaps traded with RBS

12 August 2015 - Rate swaps expiry with Barclays

23 September 2015 - New RPI swaps traded with Barclays

18 January 2016 - New RPI swaps traded with RBS

22 February 2016 - Liability hedge rebalance with RBS, Citigroup Global Markets Ltd and Barclays

23 February 2016 - Liability hedge rebalance with RBS and Barclays

Subscriptions and redemption in Blackrock Institutional Liquidity Fund throughout the period (i.e. 29 May 2015, 1 July 2015, 17 July 2015 respectively)

Various gilt purchases over the year with cash payments/receipts (i.e. 13 July 2015, 28 August 2015, 1 September 2015, 29 September 2015, 19 January 2016, 27 January 2016, 15 February 2016, 23 February 2016, 24 February 2016 respectively)

#### Collateral

The gilts can be used to meet collateral calls from the Scheme's counterparties: Barclays Bank plc, Credit Suisse International, Citigroup Inc., Royal Bank of Scotland plc and Morgan Stanley & CO. International plc. The Scheme would be obliged to post collateral to the counterparties as and when the swap mark to market is negative to the Scheme (i.e. in the counterparties' favour). Once the collateral is transferred to the respective counterparty it is held by the counterparty but in the name of the Trustee.

#### TIGS

TIGS is a fully delegated service designed to deliver performance in excess of a client specific target through exposure to diversified investment arrangements. P Solve invests and manages the Scheme's assets on behalf of the Trustee.

The service reduces the risks and costs of decision delay and provides access to a broad range of asset allocation and increased investment specialisation, such as commodities, high yield bonds, leveraged loans and other alternative asset classes as well as currency hedging. As well as the delegated responsibility for dynamic asset allocation, P Solve are also responsible for selecting, combining and replacing fund managers.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

The table below shows the value and proportion of TIGS assets (including the Equity Derivative Overlay Strategy (EDOS) but excluding the liability hedge) in each asset class as at the current and prior year end:

	Allocation at 5	April 2016	Allocation at 5 A	April 2015
Asset Class	£000	%	£000	%
UK Equity	31,045	5.9	34,536	7.9
Overseas Equity	219,545	41.8	157,005	36.0
Alternative	107,835	20.6	74,285	17.0
BroadBonds	145,753	27.8	162,072	37.2
Commodities	-	-	-	-
Property	6,842	1.3	1,118	0.3
Cash	19,967	3.8	6,729	1.6
Currency Hedge	(6,311)	(1.2)	4	-
Total assets	524,676	100.0	435,749	100.0

The core strength of the TIGS proposition lies in the delegation to the manager of the flexibility to dynamically allocate across all asset classes in accordance with medium to long term views on global markets, and to 'defend' by increasing the allocation to cash when the risk/return attributes of multiple asset classes are poor. This is demonstrated in the table above showing the variation in the Scheme's asset allocation at the current and prior year end.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

The investment objective for TIGS is a return of LIBOR + 3% per annum, after the deduction of fees, over rolling three year periods. Performance of the TIGS assets (including the EDOS) against objective is as follows:

TIGS including EDOS	1 Year	3 Years p.a.	p.a. 5 Years p.a	
Investment return	-3.15%	2.77%	3.10%	
Objective	3.58%	3.55%	3.66%	
Investment return relative to target	-6.73%	-0.78%	-0.56%	

Performance is shown to 5 April 2016 after the deduction of fees to the extent that fees are paid from assets.

The Trustee monitors the performance of TIGS on a quarterly basis and is provided with a valuation of all of the Scheme's assets on a monthly basis.

#### **Total Portfolio Investment Performance**

The Scheme's total investment strategy, as at 5 April 2016, has returned:

<b>Total Portfolio</b>	1 Year	3 years p.a	5 years p.a
Investment return	4.20%	8.71%	12.21%

#### Custody of Investments

The swap contracts entered into with Barclays, Credit Suisse, Citigroup, Morgan Stanley and RBS are held directly in the Trustee's name. These direct principal to principal contracts do not themselves require safe custody. However, the collateral provided to the counterparties to secure their value when their mark to market is positive is held by KAS Bank N.V., as custodian for the Scheme, in the name of its nominee company, KAS Nominees Limited.

The pooled fund units and shares comprising the assets managed through TIGS are held by KAS Bank N.V. in the name of its nominee company, KAS Nominees Limited.

#### Social Responsibility

The Trustee is seeking to maximise overall investment returns subject to an acceptable level of risk. Social, environmental or ethical considerations are not directly taken into account by the Trustee in the selection, retention and realisation of investments. The Investment Manager may take into account such factors if there will be a positive effect on the expected financial return on investment.

#### Corporate Governance

The Scheme's investments are made via pooled investment funds, in which the Scheme's investments are pooled with those of other investors. As such, direct control of the process of engaging with the companies that issue these securities, whether for corporate governance purposes or social, ethical or environmental factors, is delegated to the manager of the pooled investment fund. The extent to which these factors are taken into account in the selection, retention and realisation of investments is considered by the Investment Manager as part of the process of selecting organisations with which to invest.

Following on from this, although the implementation of the principles of the UK Stewardship Code has been delegated to the Investment Manager, the Trustee monitors this by requesting reporting from the Investment Manager on the positions of each of their underlying managers.

The Trustee supports the Myners Principles and the UK Stewardship Code and has implemented comply or explain documents in respect of both of these Corporate Governance tools.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### **Defined Contribution**

#### **Retirement Account**

Members of the 100+ Section have contributions equal to 2% of their Pensionable Salary put into their Retirement Account by their employer.

The members' Retirement Accounts are held with Old Mutual Wealth Life Assurance Limited and members have the choice of investing their account in one or more of eight funds: Selex Long Term Growth, Selex Stable Growth, Selex Cautious Growth, Selex Global Equity Fund, Selex Corporate Bond Fund, Selex Fixed Annuity Protection Fund, Selex Inflation-Linked Annuity Protection Fund and Selex Cash Fund. In addition, there is a default Lifestyle Strategy, used by the majority of members, which incorporates four P Solve 'blend funds' with different 'inflation plus' targets. If a member chooses the default Lifestyle Strategy, they must place the whole of their Retirement Account in this fund.

The performance of the funds can be obtained from reports published on the Old Mutual Wealth microsite, https://iip.oldmutualwealth.co.uk/selex/fund information.asp.

Further details on the governance of our defined contribution funds are given below, in the Chairman's Statement on DC Governance.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### Chairman's Statement on DC governance

There is a new legislative requirement to include a Chairman's Statement on defined contribution ("DC") governance within each Annual Report and Financial Statements. This is the Chairman's Statement for the year ended 5 April 2016.

#### Investment strategy – DC investments

The DC investments within the Scheme include both the Additional Voluntary Contribution arrangement and the 100+ Section Retirement Account Plan. The Trustee has in place a DC Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP") which governs decisions about investments and sets out the aims and objectives of the Scheme's DC investment strategy, including full information about the Scheme's default investment strategy. In particular the SIP covers:

- the Trustee's investment policy, including polices on risk, balancing and realising assets, return and ethical investing; and
- how the default investment strategy is intended to ensure that assets are invested in the best interests of members and beneficiaries.

The performance of the funds underlying the default investment strategy is formally reviewed quarterly.

Generally, the Trustee undertakes to review the default strategy at least triennially, or in response to any significant changes in investment policy or member demographics. Reviews of the net performance of underlying funds take place at quarterly intervals.

Copies of the SIP can be requested from the Scheme Administrator, Aon Hewitt, using the contact details on page 2.

#### Value for money review

The Trustee is committed to ensuring that members get value for money (i.e. the costs and charges deducted from members' DC pots or contributions provide good value in relation to the benefits and services provided) and keep value for money in mind on an on-going basis, including as an item on the Scheme's risk register. The Trustee undertakes an annual value for money assessment with support from its advisers.

For the purpose of this assessment, the Trustee looked at whether the total cost of DC fund membership represented value for money. The sources of fees can be categorised between investment management charges, additional expenses and investment platform charges. The Trustee considered, among other items, the absolute level of charges, the competitiveness of the Scheme's charges relative to the marketplace and the level of service provided to members. The Trustee also notes that the costs of administering the Scheme's DC benefits are met by the Employer.

In accordance with the Pensions Regulator's guidance for DC schemes in this area, it was concluded that, with the average fee of 0.57%, the Scheme's DC funds represent value for money for members, due to:

- A bespoke investment strategy that takes account of membership needs and controls risk based on the time to retirement and the need for protection to increase.
- Good investment performance, with the funds on average performing broadly in line with the fund objectives as advised to members.
- Risk management within the 'blend funds' based on delegation of day to day decisions and asset allocation.
- Robust internal controls and operations covering business continuity plans, internal and external audit of the funds and a wide range of investment operations.

The average fee compares favourably to the charge cap set by the government of 0.75%.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### **Charges and transaction costs**

The total expense ratios (TER, defined as the annual management charge plus any additional fees for fund management expenses) for the funds available for selection by members of the Scheme are:

Fund	TER
Long Term Growth	0.59%
Stable Growth	0.64%
Cautious Growth	0.55%
Retirement Protection	0.41%
Global Equity Fund	0.27%
Corporate Bond Fund	0.22%
Government Bond Fund	0.21%
Government Index Linked Bond Fund	0.21%
Cash Fund	0.25%

The default investment strategy is constructed using the top four funds in the list above. The average TER a member would pay across each year in the default investment strategy is 0.57% (assuming a 40 year working lifetime).

The Trustee also considers the impact of transaction costs on investment and supports industry efforts to improve disclosure of these costs in a cost-effective, scalable manner, using automated processes.

The Trustee's investment adviser has discussed with all of the Scheme's investment managers their approach to disclosing transaction costs and we expect this to be taken into account more fully in the value for money review in future years.

#### **Financial transactions**

Core financial transactions are processed by the various service providers to the Trustee. These providers are appointed under agreements with specific service standards. The providers issue quarterly reports against these standards which are reviewed at the joint DC committee Trustee meetings to confirm that transactions have been processed promptly and accurately.

#### Knowledge and understanding

The Pensions Act 2004 requires the Trustee Directors to be conversant with key documents and to have knowledge and understanding of areas of importance in pensions. The Trustee Directors have spent time reviewing the contents of the various constitutional documents in order to satisfy the legislative requirements and a section covering Trustee knowledge is contained on page 7 above.

Joint DC committee Trustee meetings include updates on changes in the law or regulatory guidance which is of relevance to the Scheme from the internal Pensions Management team, the administrator, the investment consultant, the investment platform provider, the auditor and other service providers as appropriate. Trustee Directors participate in external training events depending on the assessment of their training needs and a formal trustee training day is held each year jointly with the sister UK pension schemes in the Leonardo group.

Bernard Walsh Chairman, Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited Date: 11TH OCTOBER 2016

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### **Compliance Statement**

#### Constitution of the Scheme

The Selex Pension Scheme is a pension and life assurance benefits scheme constituted and administered in accordance with the Rules. It was established by a trust deed dated 24 March 2005 and has a number of different benefit structures, including defined benefits, money purchase benefits and hybrid benefits.

Copies of the rules which govern the Scheme are available for inspection on request to the Pension Administrator, Aon Hewitt, at the address on page 2.

#### Taxation

The Scheme is a Registered Pension Scheme for the purposes of the Finance Act 2004.

#### **Contracting Out**

Members of the Scheme who participate in the Main Section were in contracted-out employment for the purposes of the State Second Pension (previously the State Earnings Related Pension Scheme) under a certificate issued by the National Insurance Contributions Office, until 6 April 2016 when the ability to contract-out ceased. No members are in contracted-out employment with effect from 6 April 2016.

#### Pensions in payment

Increases to pensions in payment during the year are applied as at 1 May. Broadly, pensions in payment are increased in line with the rise in the Retail Prices Index capped at 5% for pension earned prior to 6 April 2006 and in line with the rise in the Retail Prices Index capped at 2.5% for pension earned on and after 6 April 2006.

#### **Transfer Values**

All cash equivalents (transfer values) paid during the year were calculated and verified in the manner required by the Regulations issued under section 97 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993. None of the cash equivalents was less than the amount provided by section 94(1) of the Pension Schemes Act 1993. The Trustee makes no allowance in the calculation of transfer values for discretionary benefits.

#### **Employer-related investments**

The Scheme held no employer-related investments at any time during the year.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### Queries relating to Scheme benefits

Enquiries about the Scheme generally, about individual entitlement to benefits or requests for Scheme documentation should be directed to:

Selex Pension Scheme Aon Hewitt Limited PO Box 196 Huddersfield HD8 1EG Telephone: 0345 603 5660 / Email: selex.pensions@aonhewitt.com

The Trustee has adopted a dispute resolution procedure in line with the requirements of the Pensions Act 1995. Details of this procedure are available from the Pension Administrator at the above address.

If a member has a complaint against the Scheme which has not been resolved to their satisfaction through the Scheme's internal dispute resolution procedure, the Pensions Advisory Service (TPAS), an independent voluntary organisation, may be able to offer advice.

TPAS 11 Belgrave Road London SW1V 1RB

Telephone: 0300 123 1047 Website: www.pensionsadvisoryservice.org.uk

For problems that cannot be settled through TPAS, the Pensions Ombudsman has power to investigate and determine complaints or disputes of fact or law in relation to occupational pension schemes. The Pensions Ombudsman will normally only investigate cases where the internal dispute resolution procedure has been exhausted and TPAS have been unable to resolve the complaint. The Pensions Ombudsman can be contacted at 11 Belgrave Road, London, SW1V 1RB.

The Pensions Regulator can intervene if it considers that a Scheme's trustee, advisers, or the employer are not carrying out their duties correctly. The address for the Pensions Regulator is Napier House, Trafalgar Place, Brighton, BN1 4DW. Full details about the Pensions Regulator's role are available on its website: www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk.

#### Pensions Tracing

A pensions tracing service is carried out by the Department for Work and Pensions. This service can be contacted at:

Pension Tracing Service The Pension Service 9 Mail Handling Site A Wolverhampton WV98 1LU

Telephone: 0345 6002 537 Website: www.gov.uk/find-lost-pension

#### STATEMENT OF TRUSTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Scheme's Trustee is responsible for obtaining audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and for making available certain other information about the Scheme in the form of an Annual Report.

The financial statements are the responsibility of the Trustee. Pension Scheme regulations require the Trustee to make available to Scheme members, beneficiaries and certain other parties, audited financial statements for each Scheme year which:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the Scheme year and of the amount and disposition at the end of the Scheme year of the assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the Scheme year, in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), and
- contain the information specified in the Schedule to the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, including a statement whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice, "Financial Reports of Pension Schemes" (Revised 2015).

The Trustee has supervised the preparation of the financial statements and has agreed suitable accounting policies, to be applied consistently, making any estimates and judgements on a prudent and reasonable basis.

The Trustee is responsible under pensions legislation for ensuring that there is prepared, maintained and from time to time revised a schedule of contributions showing the rates of contributions payable to the Scheme by or on behalf of the employer and the active members of the Scheme and the dates on or before which such contributions are to be paid.

The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of any active member of the Scheme and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the Scheme by the employer in accordance with the schedule of contributions. Where breaches of the schedule occur, the Trustee is required by the Pensions Act 1995 and 2004 to consider making reports to the Pensions Regulator and the members.

The Trustee also has a general responsibility for ensuring that adequate accounting records are kept and for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Scheme and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities, including the maintenance of an appropriate system of internal control.

Name:

Trustee Director, Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited

11 October 16

Date:

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE SELEX PENSION SCHEME

We have audited the financial statements of the Selex Pension Scheme for the year ended 5 April 2016 which comprise the fund account, the net assets statement and the related notes 1 to 21. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the Scheme's Trustee in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report on the financial statements and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Trustee for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### **Respective responsibilities of Trustee and Auditor**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities, the Scheme's Trustee is responsible for the preparation of financial statements which show a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

#### **Opinion on the financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the year ended 5 April 2016, and of the amount and disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than the liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the year;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and,
- contain the information specified in Regulation 3 of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, made under the Pensions Act 1995.

RSM UK Audit LLP Statutory Auditor 25 Farringdon Street London EC4A 4AB

Date: 11 October 16

;

		Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2016	For the year ended 5 April 2015
Contributions and Benefits	Notes	£000	£000	£000	£000
Employees Contributions	3 4	2,600		2,600	1,948
Employers Contributions	4	28,179	476	28,655	29,742
		30,779	476	31,255	31,690
Other income	6	585	-	585	171
		31,364	476	31,840	31,861
Benefits	7	(8,830)		(8,830)	(5,022,
Payments to and on account of leavers	8	(1,699)		(1,699)	(159)
Other payments	9	(404)		(404)	(452)
Administrative expenses	10	(1,182)	-	(1,182)	(980)
		(12,115)		(12,115)	(6,613
Net additions from dealings with memb	ers	19,249	476	19,725	25,248
Returns on investments					
Investment income	11	7,957	-	7,957	7,071
Change in market value of investments	12	24,902	(73)	24,829	135,872
Investment management expenses	17	(1,767)		(1,767)	(2,685,
Net returns on investments		31,092	(73)	31,019	140,258
Net increase in the fund during the year	r	50,341	403	50,744	165,506
Transfers between sections		(2,660)	2,660	<u>.</u>	
Net assets of the Scheme At 6 April 2015		683,075	12,807	695,882	530,376
Net assets of the Scheme At 5 April 2016		730,756	15,870	746,626	695,882

#### FUND ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS AS AT 5 APRIL 2016

		5 April	5 April
		2016	2015
	Note	£000	£000
Defined benefit section			
Investment assets			
Bonds	12	256,643	325,078
Pooled investment vehicles	12,14	437,759	324,247
Derivatives	12,15	140,857	108,352
Cash deposits	12,16	20,190	5,425
Dividends and withholding tax	12	779	1,295
Other investments			31
Total investments		856,228	764,428
Investment liabilities			
Derivative Liabilities	15	(127,228)	(80,199)
Other Investment Balances		-	(1,590)
		(127,228)	(81,789)
Total net investments		729,000	682,639
Current assets	20	3,019	3,378
Current liabilities	20	(1,263)	(2,942)
		730,756	683.075
		130,130	005,075

Acres.

	Note	5 April 2016 £000	5 April 2015 £000
Defined contribution section			
Investment assets Pooled investment vehicles	12	15,870	12,807
Total investments		15,870	12,807
		15,870	12,807
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS		746,626	695,882

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS AS AT 5 APRIL 2016

The financial statements summarise the transactions of the Scheme and deal with the net assets at the disposal of the Trustee. They do not take account of obligations to pay pensions and benefits which fall due after the end of the Scheme year. The actuarial position of the Scheme, which does take account of such obligations, is dealt with in the Report on Actuarial Liabilities on pages 5 and 6 and the Summary Funding Statement which is issued to members each year and these financial statements should be read in conjunction with them.

The notes on pages 25 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited and were signed on its behalf by

Name: Trustee Director, Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited

Date: 11 74 OCTOBER 2016

Name:

Trustee Director, Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited

Date: 11 October 16

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, issued by the Financial Reporting Council, and with the guidelines set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP)(2015) - Financial Reports of Pension Schemes.

This is the first year that FRS 102 and the revised SORP have applied to the Scheme's financial statements. There was no effect on these financial statements other than additional disclosures. The Trustee has elected to adopt early the amendments to FRS 102 fair value hierarchy disclosures issued in March 2016.

The Scheme is a registered hybrid pension scheme under the Chapter 2, Part 4 of the Finance Act 2004. This means that contributions by the employer and employees are normally eligible for tax relief, and income and capital gains earned by the Scheme receive preferential tax treatment. The Scheme is administered by the Trustee in accordance with the Trust Deed and Rules, solely for the benefit of its members and other beneficiaries.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following principal accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### 2.1 Accruals Concept

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis.

#### 2.2 Contributions and benefits

Contributions are accounted for in the period in which they fall due.

Augmentation contributions are accounted for in accordance with the agreement under which they are payable, or, in the absence of an agreement, on a receipt basis.

Benefits are accounted for in the period in which the member notifies the Trustee of his decision on the type or amount of benefit to be taken or, if there is no member choice, on the date of retirement or leaving. Pensions are accounted for in the period to which they relate. For members with whom contact has been lost, benefits are accounted for on the later of the date that contact is re-established and the date that the relevant benefit payable has been identified.

Individual transfers in or out are accounted for when the transfer has been agreed by both parties and the receiving scheme has accepted liability for the transfer.

#### 2.3 Investment Income

Income from bonds and cash is taken into account on an accruals basis.

Income arising from the underlying investments of the pooled investment vehicles that is reinvested within the pooled investment vehicles is reflected in the unit price. Such income is reported within the change in market value. Where income from pooled investment vehicles is distributed, this income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.4 Valuation of investments

Investment assets and liabilities are included at market value at the end of the Scheme year as follows:

- (i) Investments in pooled investment vehicles (unit trusts/managed funds) are valued at the bid price ruling at the year end. Where no bid price is available they are valued using the available single price.
- (ii) Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the year end.
- (iii) Additional voluntary contribution and defined contribution with-profits policies are valued at the year end values provided by the AVC provider.
- (iv) Bonds are valued on a clean basis which excludes the value of the interest accruing from the previous interest payment date and the valuation date. Index-linked contracts are valued on an adjusted clean basis using indexation.
- (v) Derivatives

Derivatives are investment assets and investment liabilities that derive their value from the price or rate of some underlying item.

Derivatives with an initial purchase price are reported as purchases. Those that do not have an initial purchase price but require a deposit, such as an initial margin to be placed with the broker, are recorded at nil cost on purchase.

Derivative contracts are included in the net assets statement at fair value. Fair value for over the counter contracts is calculated using pricing models such as Black-Scholes. Exchange traded derivatives with positive values are included in the net assets statement as assets at bid price, and those with negative values as liabilities at offer price.

Collateral payments and receipts are reported within cash, and do not form realised gains or losses reported within change in market value.

Interest rate and inflation swaps at the present value of the difference between the actual fixed payments and the expected floating payment. The amount included in change in market value is the realised gains or losses on closed contracts and the unrealised gains or losses on open contracts.

Forward foreign exchange contracts outstanding at the year end are stated at fair value which is determined as the gain or loss that would arise if the outstanding contract was matched at the year end with an equal and opposite contract.

Traded options are valued at the fair value as determined by the exchange price for closing out the option as at the year end. Options which are over the counter contracts are valued at fair value using a pricing model such as Black-Scholes, where inputs are based on market data at the year end date.

Changes in the value of the option are reported within change in market value.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Swaps are revalued monthly. The fair value is calculated using pricing models such as Bloomberg's, where inputs are based on market data at the year end date. Interest is accrued monthly on a basis consistent with the terms of each contract. The amounts included in change in market value are the realised gains or losses on closed contracts and the unrealised gains or losses on open contracts. Net receipts or payments on swap contracts are either (a) reported within investment income or (b) reported within change in market value.

#### 2.5 Expenses

Expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### 2.6 Currency

The Scheme's functional currency and presentational currency is pounds sterling (GBP).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### 3. EMPLOYEES CONTRIBUTIONS

	Defined benefits section	benefits contributions	
	£000	£000	2016 £000
Normal	155		155
Additional voluntary contributions*	1,634	G. 1	1,634
SBS contributions **	783	-	783
SBS DIS contributions**	28	-	28
Total	2,600		2,600

	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2015
	£000	£000	£000
Normal Additional voluntary contributions* SBS contributions ** SBS DIS contributions**	195		195
	856		856
	848	18	848
	49		49
	1,948	-	1,948

\* Members of all sections can pay additional voluntary contributions (AVCs) to Old Mutual Wealth Life Assurance Limited, which are invested separately from the Scheme's other assets. The proceeds of each member's AVC account is used to provide additional benefits for, or in respect of, the member. The majority of the AVCs are paid through the salary sacrifice arrangement.

\*\* Members of the 2000 Section of the Scheme can pay additional voluntary contributions to the Selected Benefit Scheme (SBS) in order to increase their retirement benefits and/or death in service benefits (the ability to pay additional contributions for death in service benefits ceased in April 2016). SBS contributions are invested in the same way as the Scheme's other assets. The majority of the SBS contributions are paid through the salary sacrifice arrangement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### 4. EMPLOYERS CONTRIBUTIONS

	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2016
	£000	£000	£000
Normal contributions	18,227	476	18,703
SMART contributions	9,952	-	9,952
	28,179	476	28,655
	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2015
	£000	£000	£000
Normal contributions	18,961	490	19,451
SMART contributions	10,291	-	10,291
	29,252	490	29,742

Employer contributions include contributions in respect of salary sacrifice arrangements made available to certain members by the Employer.

#### 5. TRANSFERS BETWEEN SECTIONS

	Defined benefits section £000	Defined contributions section £000	For the year ended 5 April 2016 £000
Transfers between sections	(2,660)	2,660	<u> </u>
	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2015
	£000	£000	£000
Transfers between sections	(375)	375	(T)

Transfers between sections represents the transfers for the contributions invested from the DB section in respect of the DC section. Also included are members benefits received from asset holdings in the DC section for settlement with DB member's benefits.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### 6. OTHER INCOME

	Defined benefits section £000	Defined contributions section £000	For the year ended 5 April 2016 £000
Claims on term insurance policies	585		585
	585 		585
	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2015
	£000	£000	£000
Claims on term insurance policies	163	-	163
Other income	8		8
	171	-	171

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## 7. BENEFITS

	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2016
	£000	£000	£000
Pensions	3,045	-	3,045
Commutations and lump sum retirement benefits	4,352		4,352
Annuities	239	e) <del>4</del>	239
Lump sum death benefits	616	3 <del>.</del>	616
Taxation	578	3 <b>-</b>	578
	8,830		8,830
	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April
			2015

	£000	£000	£000
Pensions	2,394	-	2,394
Commutations and lump sum retirement benefits	2,042	-	2,042
Annuities	118	-	118
Lump sum death benefits	468	-	468
Taxation	0.5		-
	5,022	-	5,022

Taxation arising on benefits paid or payable is in respect of members whose benefits exceeded the lifetime or annual allowance and who elected to take lower benefits from the Scheme in exchange for the Scheme settling their tax liability.

## 8. PAYMENTS TO AND ON ACCOUNT OF LEAVERS

	Defined benefits section £000	Defined contributions section £000	For the year ended 5 April 2016 £000
Transfers out to other schemes	1,699	-	1,699
	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2015
	£000	£000	£000
Transfers out to other schemes	159	-	159

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## 9. OTHER PAYMENTS

Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2016
£000	£000	£000
404	-	404
	benefits section	benefits contributions section section £000 £000

Other payments represent premiums paid to Aviva Life & Pensions UK Limited who have underwritten the Scheme's death in service benefits during the year.

	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2015
	£000	£000	£000
Scheme's death in service premiums	452		452

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## 10. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Defined benefits section £000	Defined contributions section £000	For the year ended 5 April 2016 £000
Administration, management and processing	575	-	575
Actuarial fees	372	2	372
Audit fee	13	S	13
Legal and other professional fees	137	-	137
PPF levy	26	-	26
Accountancy and covenant review fees	25		25
Bank charges	2	-	2
Communications and other costs	28		28
Sundry expenses	4	•	4
	1,182		1,182

General administration expenses of the Scheme, which are in respect of each section of the Scheme, are borne by the Scheme as a whole. A charge to cover administration expenses for the Retirement Accounts is deducted from each Retirement Account before allocation to members' individual accounts and therefore the Scheme does not bear this cost.

	Defined benefits section £000	Defined contributions section £000	For the year ended 5 April 2015 £000
Administration, management and processing	493	-	493
Actuarial fees	249	*	249
Audit fee	12	*	12
Legal and other professional fees	55		55
PPF levy	82		82
Accountancy and covenant review fees	68		68
Bank charges	1	*	1
Communications and other costs	17		17
Sundry expenses	3	-	3
	980	-	980

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## 11. INVESTMENT INCOME

	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2016
	£000	£000	£000
Income from bonds	4,107		4,107
Income from pooled investment vehicles	3,790		3,790
Interest on cash deposits	(52)		(52)
Other income	112	-	112
	7,957	-	7,957
	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2015
	£000	£000	£000
Income from bonds	3,428		3.428
Income from pooled investment vehicles	3,638	121	3,638
Interest on cash deposits	(24)	-	(24)
Other income	29	14 A	29
	7,071	-	7,071

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## 12. INVESTMENTS

## **MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENTS**

## **Defined benefit section**

	Value at 06/04/2015	Purchases at cost and derivative payments	Sales proceeds and derivative receipts	Change in market value	Value at 05/04/2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Bonds	325,078	95,638	(167,143)	3,070	256,643
Pooled investment vehicles	324,247	189,238	(77,008)	1,282	437,759
Derivative contracts	28,153	11,906	(46,980)	20,550	13,629
	677,478	296,782	(291,131)	24,902	708,031
Cash deposits Dividends and withholding	5,425				20,190
tax	1,295				779
Other investments	(1,559)				-
	682,639				729,000

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## **Defined contribution section**

	2016 £000	2015 £000
Market value at 6 April 2015	12,807	10,453
Purchases at cost	4,339	3.263
Disposals	(1,203)	(2,398)
Change in market value of investments	(73)	1,489
Market value at 5 April 2016	15,870	12,807

The DC investment assets shown above are pooled investment vehicles which are held with Old Mutual Wealth in a unitised arrangement.

The change in market value of investments during the year comprises all increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year, including profits and losses realised on sales of investments during the year.

There are no unallocated units.

The DB AVC's are not significant to the Scheme assets and therefore have not been disclosed separately.

## 13. TRANSACTION COSTS

The direct transaction costs for the DB section are shown in the table below:

			2016			2015
	Fees	Commissions	Taxes and Duties	Levies	Total	Total
Pooled Investment Vehicles	3,274	-		· ·	3,274	1,669
	3,274		-	•	3,274	1,669
2015	762	907				

In addition to the transaction costs disclosed above, indirect costs are incurred through the bid-offer spread on investments within pooled investment vehicles and charges made within those vehicles.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## 14. POOLED INVESTMENT VEHICLES

	Defined benefits section £000	Defined contributions section £000	5 April 2016 £000
Bonds	127,782	558	128,340
Cash	2	327	329
Equity	229,379	817	230,196
Property	6,843		6,843
Alternatives	73,753		73,753
Growth	170	12,629	12,629
Retirement Protection	12.0	1,539	1,539
Total	437,759	15,870	453,629

	Defined benefits section £000	Defined contributions section £000	5 April 2015 £000
Bonds	102,509	646	103,155
Cash	3,266	259	3,525
Equity	165,053	855	165,908
Property	1,118		1,118
Alternatives	52,301		52,301
Growth	-	10,040	10,040
Retirement Protection		1,007	1,007
Total	324,247	12,807	337,054

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## 15. DERIVATIVES OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

	2	016	20	)15
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Defined Benefits Section				
Swaps	123,963	(106,115)	100,969	(77,799)
Options	16,278	(14,186)	6,913	(1,935)
Forward Foreign Exchange	616	(6,927)	470	(465)
	140,857	(127,228)	108,352	(80,199)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

The liability hedging strategy is implemented via interest rate and inflation swaps (contracts between the Scheme and a counterparty bank) and aims to reduce the Scheme's sensitivity to changes in long-dated interest rates and expectations of inflation and hence reduce the impact of movements in these on the Scheme's funding level. The collateral for the liability hedge comprised of index-linked gilts, as well as an amount of cash held in the Matching Fund. At 5 April 2016 collateral of £17.9 million was posted by the counterparties, Barclays and RBS, and held by the custodian on behalf of the Scheme. Morgan Stanley posted £4,878,542 of gilts as collateral. There was also £12,940,742 of gilts delivered by the Scheme to Credit Suisse.

The cash flows are accumulated over the term of the swap. For the interest rate swaps the accumulated liability is compared to the fixed amounts shown above. If the accumulated liability is higher than the fixed amount the Scheme has a liability, conversely if the accumulated liability is lower than the fixed amount then the Scheme has an asset. The cash flows for the inflation swaps are also accumulated.

Included in the market value is an allowance for initial charges on the swaps. The initial charges are payable on closure of the contract. The charge reflected in the market value at 5 April 2016 is £1,899,000 (2015: £479,000).

Equity Derivative Overlay Strategy (EDOSIV & V) – formed of a portfolio of equity options (on a global equity index) and gilts, designed as a diversifying asset that will protect capital in down markets and give the greatest return when other equity based assets are stationary.

A summary of the Scheme's outstanding derivative contracts at the Year end aggregated by key characteristics is set out on the following page:

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

Swaps	Notional amounts	Expires	Asset value	Liability value
	£000		£000	£000
Interest rate swap (OTC)	20,620	2016-2020	1,044	
Interest rate swap (OTC)	66,936	2021-2025	1,425	(3,895)
Interest rate swap (OTC)	94,595	2026-2030	19,785	-
Interest rate swap (OTC)	and the second se	2031-2035	8,436	(12,579)
Interest rate swap (OTC)		2036-2040	10,221	(16,900)
Interest rate swap (OTC)		2041-2045	23,245	-
Interest rate swap (OTC)	63,384	2046-2050	19,392	(16,492)
Interest rate swap (OTC)	24,831	2051-2055	7,317	(11,343)
Interest rate swap (OTC)		2056-2060	17,143	(7,581)
Interest rate swap (OTC)		2061-2065	8,909	•
Inflation rate swap (OTC)	105,039	2016-2020		(3,367)
Inflation rate swap (OTC)	114,758	2021-2025		(4,281)
Inflation rate swap (OTC)	82,329	2026-2030		(4,998)
Inflation rate swap (OTC)	16,061	2031-2035		(488)
Inflation rate swap (OTC)	29,070	2036-2040		(2,338)
Inflation rate swap (OTC)	3,011	2041-2045	-	(277)
Inflation rate swap (OTC)	10,866	2046-2050	2,232	
Inflation rate swap (OTC)	11,770	2056-2060	3,765	-
Internal TRS Linker		2016-2010	306	æ
Total Return Swaps	21,379	2016-2020	743	course Harry
Proceed Asset Swap (OTC)				(21,576)
Total 2016			123,963	(106,115)
Total 2015			100,969	(77,799)
Options	Notional	Expires	Asset value	Liability value
	amounts £000		£000	£000
Equity derived index option - underlying	29,235	June 2017	1,986	(1,118)
investment FTSE 100				
Equity derived index option - underlying investment FTSE 100	34,000	July 2018	14,292	(13,068)
Total 2016			16,278	(14,186)
Total 2015			6,913	(1,935)

FOR T	HE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016
FURI	NE TEAK ENDED 3 APRIL 2010

Forward Foreign Exchange	Currency bought	Currency sold	Asset value	Liability value
			£000	£000
Forward (OTC) - expiration 13 April 2016	715,280,000 YEN	£4,582,370		(2)
Forward (OTC) - expiration 13 April 2016	730,910,000 YEN	£4,518,400	162	•
Forward (OTC) - expiration 13 April 2016	£8,400,310	\$11,697,600	142	-
Forward (OTC) - expiration 13 April 2016	£20,603,121	\$28,740,200	312	-
Forward (OTC) - expiration 13 April 2016	£78,796,779	\$114,589,900	-	(2,105)
Forward (OTC) - expiration 13 April 2016	£38,840,189	6,633,780,000 YEN	-	(3,642)
Forward (OTC) - expiration 13 April 2016	£16,735,329	22,264,700 EUR	-	(1,178)
Total 2016			616	(6,927)
Total 2015			470	(465)

## 16 CASH DEPOSITS

	Defined benefits section £000	Defined contributions section £000	For the year ended 5 April 2016 £000
Sterling cash deposits Foreign currency cash deposits Futures and options - margin monies	18,870 1,056 264		18,870 1,056 264
	20,190	-	20,190
	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2015
	£000	£000	£000
Sterling cash deposits Foreign currency cash deposits Futures and options - margin monies	4,977 46 402	5 5	4,977 46 402
	5,425		5,425

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## CONCENTRATION OF INVESTMENTS

The following investments, excluding UK Government Securities, accounted for more than 5% of the Scheme's net assets as at the year end:

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	5 April 2016 Market value £000		5 April 2015 Market value £000	%
Vanguard S&P 500 ETF Trust (USD)	95,742	12.82 %	63,971	9.19 %

## 17. INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT EXPENSES

	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2016
	£000	£000	£000
Administration, management & custody	2,021	-	2,021
Investment fee rebate	(254	) -	(254)
	1,767		1,767

	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2015
	£000	£000	£000
Administration, management & custody Investment fee rebate	2,889 (204)	-	2,889 (204)
	2,685	-	2,685
· *			

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## 18. FAIR VALUE

The fair value of financial instruments has been prepared using the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly;

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data in unavailable) for the asset or liability.

	As at 5 April 2016			
	Level 1 £000	Level 2 £000	Level 3 £000	Total £000
Defined Benefit section				
Bonds	-	256,643	-	256,643
Pooled investment vehicles	167,362	263,547	6,850	437,759
Derivative contracts	-	13,629	( <b>T</b> )	13,629
Cash deposits	20,190	.5		20,190
Accrued investment income	779	-	-	779
	188,331	533,819	6,850	729,000
Defined Contributions section				
Pooled investment vehicle	•	15,870		15,870
	5	15,870	•	15,870
	188,331	549,689	6,850	744,870

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

		At 5 Apr	il 2015	
	Level 1 £000	Level 2 £000	Level 3 £000	Total £000
Defined Benefit section				
Bonds	-	325,078	-	325,078
Pooled investment vehicles	110,131	212,998	1,118	324,247
Derivative contracts	-	28,153	1	28,153
Cash deposits	5,425	-	2	5,425
Accrued investment income	1,295	-	-	1,295
Unsettled items	(1,559)	-	-	(1,559)
	115,292	566,229	1,118	682,639
Defined Contributions section				
Pooled investment vehicles	÷	12,807	-	12,807
Sub total	<u> </u>	12,807	-	12,807
	115,292	579,036	1,118	695,446

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

#### 19. INVESTMENT RISK

FRS 102 requires the disclosure of information in relation to certain investment risks. These risks are set out by FRS 102 as follows:

Credit risk: this is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Market risk: this comprises currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

- Currency risk: this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.
- Interest rate risk: this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.
- Other price risk: this is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial asset will
  fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or
  currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial
  instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Trustee determines its investment strategy after taking advice from a professional investment adviser. The Scheme has exposure to these risks because of the investments it makes in following the investment strategy set out below. The Trustee manages investment risks, including credit risk and market risk, within agreed risk limits which are set taking into account the Scheme's strategic investment objectives. These investment objectives and risk limits are implemented through the investment management agreements in place with the Scheme's investment managers and monitored by the Trustee by regular reviews of the investment portfolio.

#### **Credit Risk**

The Scheme is subject to credit risk because the Scheme directly invests in bonds, over the counter (OTC) derivatives and has cash balances. The Scheme also invests in pooled investment vehicles and is therefore indirectly exposed to credit risk in relation to the instruments it holds in the pooled investment vehicles. The Trustee's policy for managing credit risk is detailed in the Statement of Investment Principles.

The Scheme holds £256.6m in directly held bonds (2015: £325.1m), £13.6m in OTC derivatives (2015: £28.1m) and £20.2m in directly held cash balances (2015: £5.4m). The Scheme also holds £127.7m in bonds and cash through underlying pooled fund investments (2015: £102.5m).

Credit risk arising on derivatives held directly depends on whether the derivative is exchange traded or over the counter. The Scheme holds OTC derivative contracts which are not guaranteed by any regulated exchange and therefore the Scheme is subject to risk of failure of the counterparty. Credit risk for OTC derivative contracts is mitigated by placing restrictions on P-Solve which ensure that new contracts are only entered into with counterparties that are investment grade. The credit risk in respect of OTC swaps is further reduced by collateral arrangements.

Credit risk arising on bonds held directly is mitigated by P-Solve choosing to only invest in government bonds, where the credit risk is minimal, or corporate bonds which are rated at least investment grade.

Directly held cash balances are at financial institutions which are at least investment grade credit rated. This is the position at the year-end.

In all above instances, "investment grade" is defined as being rated at least BBB- by Standard & Poor's or Baa3 by Moody's.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

Indirect credit risk arises in relation to underlying investments held in bond and cash pooled investment vehicles. This risk is mitigated by the Trustee mandating P-Solve that the underlying investment in sub-investment grade debt may not exceed 30% of the Investment Fund.

Both direct and indirect credit risk is mitigated by holding a diversified portfolio to minimise the impact of default by any one issuer. The Trustee monitors the investment strategy adopted by P-Solve to ensure that the arrangement remains diversified.

Direct credit risk arises in respect of pooled investment vehicles. The Scheme's Investment Fund is invested across a large number of different pooled funds which have various legal structures in various domiciles (e.g. open-ended investment companies, unit trusts, limited partnerships etc.).

The direct credit risk associated with these managers is also mitigated by:

- the regulatory environments in which those managers operate;
- diversification amongst a large number of pooled arrangements; and
- due diligence checks by P-Solve on the appointment of new pooled managers, and monitoring on an ongoing basis for any changes to the operating environment of each manager.

## Currency risk

The Scheme is subject to currency risk because some of the Scheme's investments are held in overseas markets, either as segregated investments or via pooled investment vehicles. The Trustee's policy for managing this risk is detailed in the Statement of Investment Principles.

Currency risk is mitigated by delegating management of currency exposures at total portfolio level to P-Solve. P-Solve implement currency hedging through the use of hedged shared classes of pooled funds (where available) and the use of FX forward contracts.

Net of currency hedging, 14.0% of the Scheme's holdings were exposed to overseas currencies as at year-end (2015: 15.6%).

## Interest rate risk

The Scheme's assets are subject to interest rate risk because some of the Scheme's investments are held in bonds & interest/inflation rate swaps for the purpose of liability hedging. Under this strategy if interest rates fall the value of these investments will rise to help match the increase in actuarial liabilities arising from a fall in the discount rate. Similarly, if interest rates rise these investments will fall in value as will actuarial liabilities because of an increase in the discount rate. At the year-end, the assets held for liability hedging represented 38.2% of the total portfolio (2015:34.6%).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## Other price risk

Other price risk arises principally in relation to the Scheme's return seeking portfolio which includes equities held in pooled vehicles, equity options, hedge funds, other alternatives and property. The Scheme manages this exposure to overall price movements by constructing a diverse portfolio of investments across various markets.

At the year end, the Scheme's exposure to investments subject to other price risk was:

2016	2015
£000	£000
2,092	4,979
127,782	102,509
2	3,266
229,379	165,053
6,843	1,118
73,753	52,301
	<b>£000</b> 2,092 127,782 2 229,379 6,843

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

# 20. CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2016
	£000	£000	£000
Current assets			
Cash balances	2,817	-	2,817
Death in service premiums prepaid	202	-	202
	3,019		3,019
Current liabilities			
Unpaid benefits Accrued expenses	480 733	-	480
HM Revenue & Customs	733 50	-	733 50
	1,263		1,263
Total current assets and liabilities	1,756		1,756
	Defined benefits section	Defined contributions section	For the year ended 5 April 2015
	£000	£000	£000
Current assets			
Cash balances	2.470		0.470
Death in service premiums prepaid	3,172 206		3,172 206
	3,378	-	3,378
Current liabilities			
Unpaid benefits	005		0.05
Accrued expenses	365 2,516	-	365 2,516
Due to Employer	2,070	2	2,010
HM Revenue & Customs	38	Ť	38
	2,942	-	2,942
Total current assets and liabilities			
i otai current assets anu nadinties	436	-	436

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## 21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties of the Scheme have been disclosed in the accounts as follows:

- 21.1 Contributions receivable from employers are disclosed in note 4.
- 21.2 The Principal Employer, Leonardo MW Ltd pays the Scheme administration expenses to enable Value Added Tax to be recovered and then recharges the net expense to the Scheme. Administration expenses are disclosed in note 10.
- 21.3 Contributions in respect of certain Trustee Directors who are active members of the Scheme are calculated and paid to the Scheme in accordance with the rules.
- 21.4 Trustee Directors who are pensioner members of the Scheme receive remuneration from Group companies. AgustaWestland Limited provides governance services to the Scheme and recharges management and governance costs to the Scheme. Trustee remuneration fees for the 2015/16 Scheme year amounted to a total of £19,525, with the costs met either directly by Group companies or indirectly through agreed governance fees recharged to the Scheme.

## STATEMENT ABOUT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

# Independent Auditor's Statement about Contributions, under Regulation 4 of The Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, to the Trustee of the Selex Pension Scheme

We have examined the Summary of Contributions to the Selex Pension Scheme in respect of the Scheme Year ended 5 April 2016.

This statement is made solely to the Scheme's Trustee, in accordance with the Pensions Act 1995. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Scheme's Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's statement and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme and the Scheme's Trustee, for our audit work, for this statement, or for the opinions we have formed.

## **Respective responsibilities of Trustee and Auditor**

As explained more fully on page 20 in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the Scheme's Trustee is responsible for ensuring that there is prepared, maintained and from time to time revised a schedule of contributions showing the rates and due dates of certain contributions payable towards the Scheme by or on behalf of the Employer and the active members of the Scheme. The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of active members of the Scheme and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the Scheme by the Employer in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions.

It is our responsibility is to provide a statement about contributions paid under the schedule of contributions and to report our opinion to you.

#### Scope of work on statement about contributions

Our examination involves obtaining evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that contributions reported on page 50 in the Summary of Contributions have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Schedules of Contributions. This includes an examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts of contributions payable to the Scheme and the timing of those payments under the Schedules of Contributions.

## Statement about contributions payable under the Schedules of Contributions

In our opinion contributions for the Scheme year ended 5 April 2016 as reported in the Summary of Contributions on page 50 and payable under the Schedules of Contributions have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Schedules of Contributions certified by the Scheme Actuary on 16 December 2011 and 30 June 2015.

RSM UK Audit LLP Statutory Auditor 25 Farringdon Street London EC4A 4AB

Date 11 October 16

## APPENDIX 1: SUMMARY OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2016

## Summary of contributions payable during the Scheme year ended 5 April 2016

Contributions payable to the Scheme under the Schedule of Contributions in respect of the year ended 5 April 2016 were as follows:

	Employers £'000	Members £'000	Total £'000
Required by the Schedule of Contributions			
Employer:			
Normal contributions	18,703	· <del>· ·</del>	18,703
Smart contributions	9,952	1.00	9,952
Member:			
Normal	3 <del></del> ?	155	155
Total contributions required by the Schedule of Contributions	28,655	155	28,810
Other contributions payable:			
Additional voluntary contributions	3 <del>5</del> 7	1,634	1,634
SBS (additional pension benefits)	<del></del> :	783	783
SBS (death in service)	87	28	28
Total contributions per note 3	28,655	2,600	31,255
Total contributions per note 3	28,655	2,600	31,255

The Schedule of Contributions at the start of the year took effect from 1 January 2012. The schedule was certified by the Scheme Actuary on 16 December 2011. A new schedule of contributions was subsequently put in place following the completion of the 5 April 2014 actuarial valuation. This schedule was certified by the Scheme Actuary on 30 June 2015. A replacement Schedule of Contributions was put in place in May 2016 to clarify the contributions payable following the adoption of new Scheme Rules on 31 March 2016. This Schedule was certified by the Scheme Actuary on 26 May 2016 and his certificate can be found in Appendix 2.

Name: Trustee Director, Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited

Date: 11TH OCTOBER 2016

Name: Trustee Director, Selex Pension Scheme (Trustee) Limited

Date: 11 October 16

## APPENDIX 2: ACTUARIAL STATEMENTS

## Actuary's certification of schedule of contributions dated 23 May 2016

Name of scheme: Selex Pension Scheme

Adequacy of rates of contributions

1. I certify that, in my opinion, the rates of contributions shown in the schedule of contributions dated 23 May 2016 are such that the statutory funding objective can be expected to continue to be met for the period for which the schedule is to be in force.

Adherence to statement of funding principles

2. I hereby certify that, in my opinion, the schedule of contributions dated 23 May 2016 is consistent with the statement of funding principles dated 24 June 2015.

The certification of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of ensuring that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met is not a certification of their adequacy for the purpose of securing the Scheme's liabilities by the purchase of annuities, if the Scheme were to be wound up.

Signature: D Vassiliades

Date: 26 May 2016

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Danny Vassiliades Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries Punter Southall Limited 1 Colmore Row Birmingham B3 2BJ



